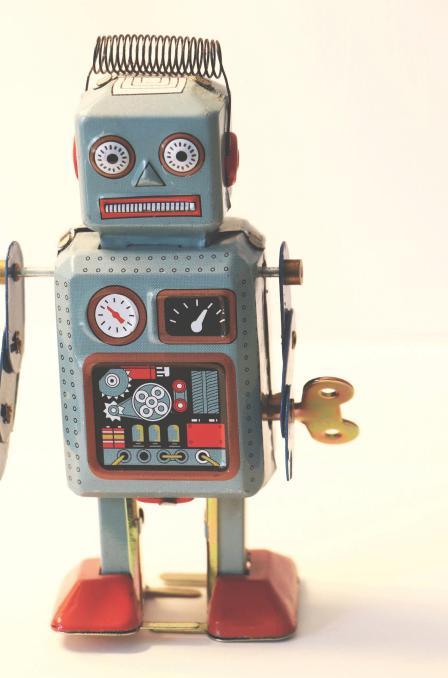
AI Is Broken Sophie Searcy



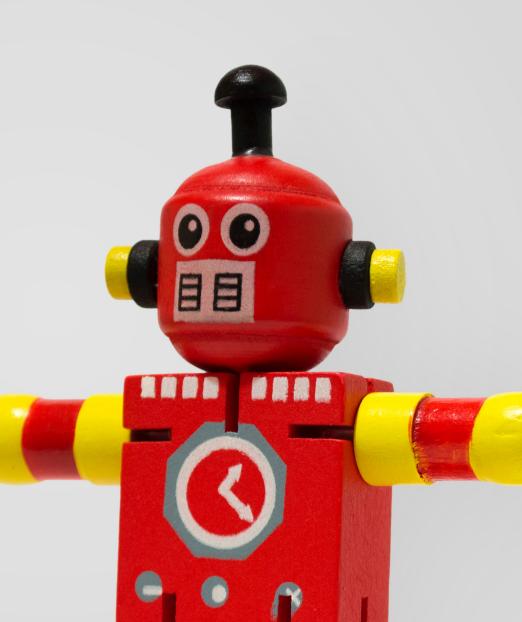
AI Is Broken Sophie Searcy

slides at <u>soph.info/ai-traps</u>

Caveats

- Al
 - lumping together Data Science, Artificial Intelligence, Machine Learning, Data Mining, etc.
- Audience
 - Conversant in AI topics.
 - Not necessarily experts or practitioners.

What is AI?



- A model is a small thing that captures a larger thing.
- A good model omits unimportant details while retaining what's important.





- Industry sometimes uses "algorithm" and "model" interchangeably.
 - Words are complicated (ask anyone who works in NLP)





Learn verb \'lern\ to process past experience and update a model such that the the model is more useful for future experience

Learn verb \'lern\ to process past experience

Learn verb

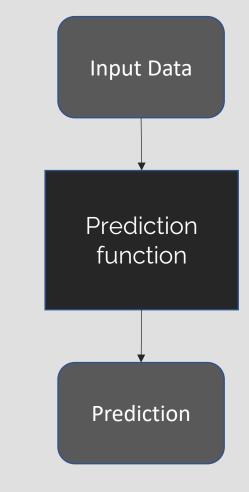
\'lern\

update a model

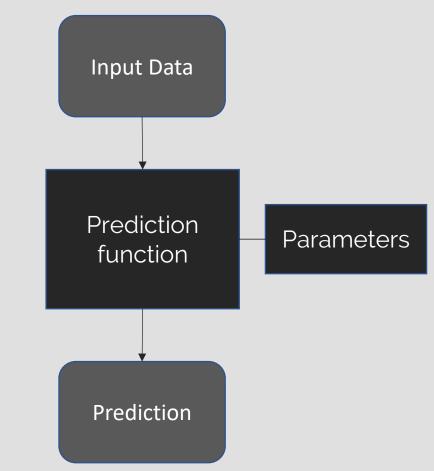
$Learn \quad \text{verb} \\ \text{'lern} \\$

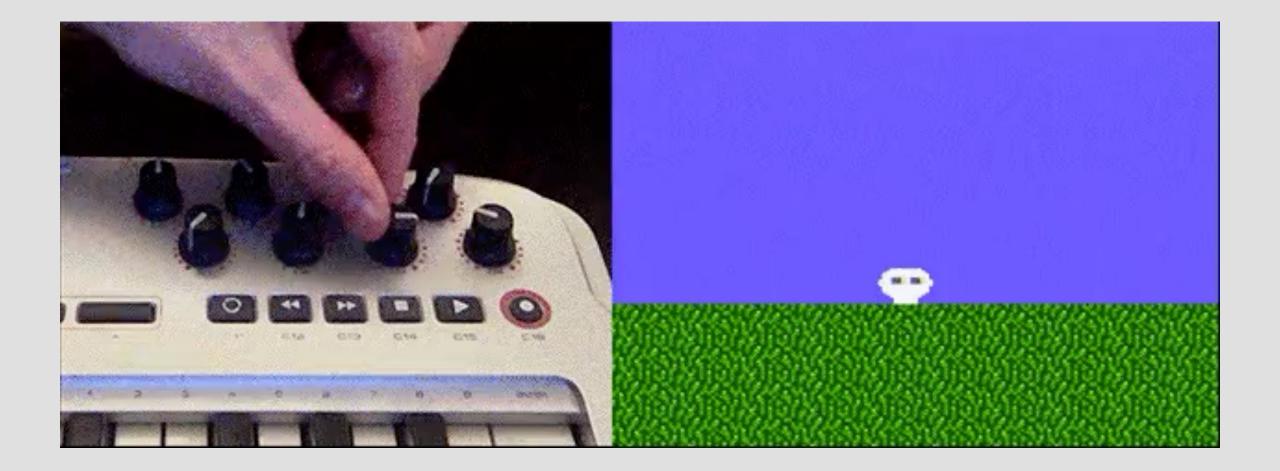
such that the the model is useful for future experience

• All models contain a prediction function

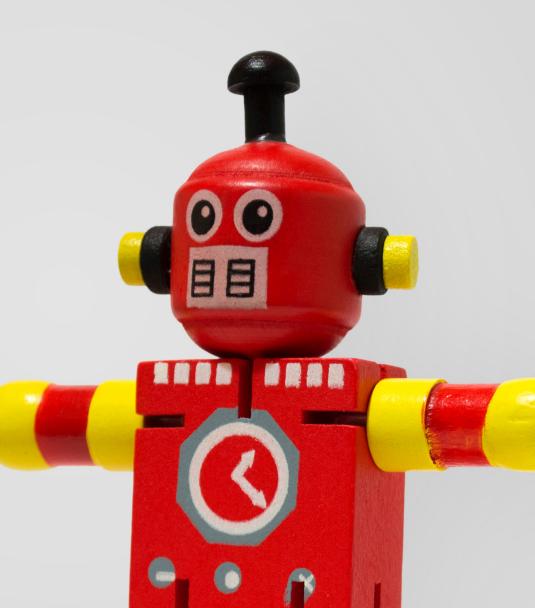


- Parameters
 - Determine model output
 - Learned from data





Models are data hungry



Models are data hungry

<u>Models</u>

- Learn from a limited set of training data
- Apply what was learned to *production*
 - "Production" is data science lingo for the entire world

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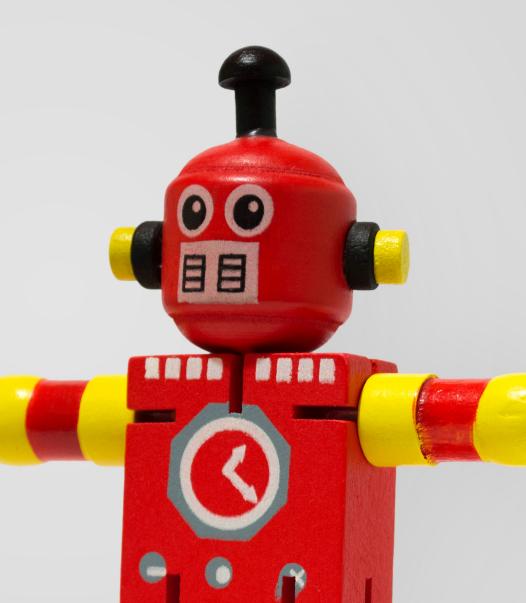
One of the most difficult tasks in AI:

• use training data (data you have) to judge how a model will perform in production (data you don't have) .



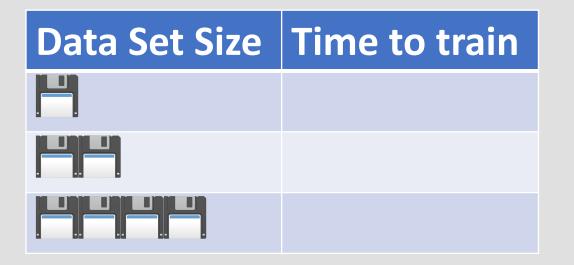


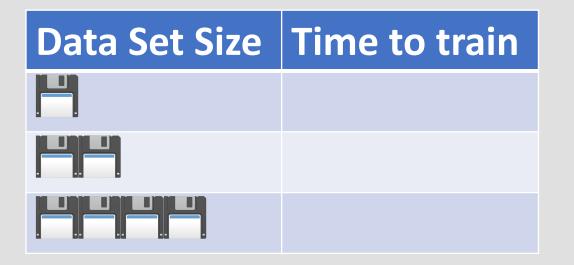




"Traditional" models (Support Vector Machines, Linear Models, Random Forests, K Nearest Neighbors)

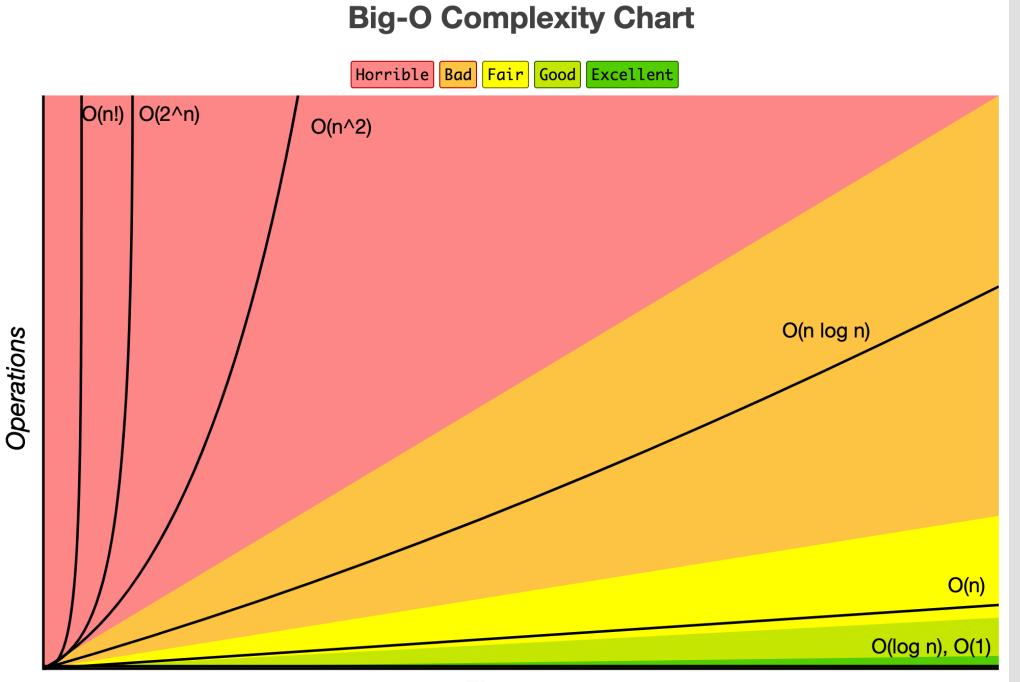
- Batch data: look at the entire dataset at once.
- Training time increases with dataset size.





Data Set Size Time to train

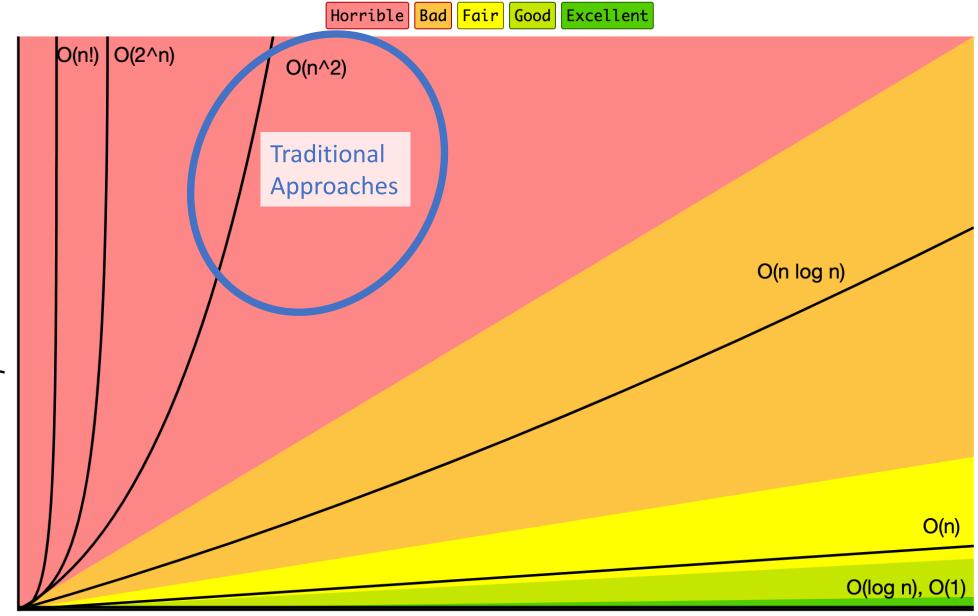




Elements

Eric Drowel et al.

Big-O Complexity Chart

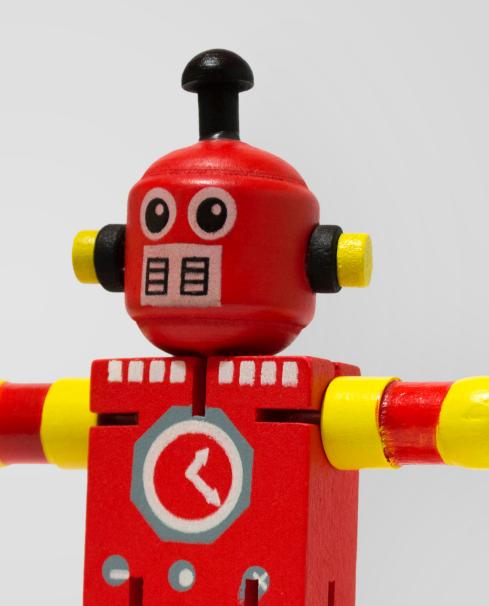


Elements

Operations

Eric Drowel et al.

Modern AI removes the speed limit



Enter Stochastic Gradient Descent

- In the last two decades, AI has shifted to approaches that strongly incentivize large datasets
- SGD powers Deep Learning models
- Traditional AI models have been modified to take advantage of SGD

How does SGD work?

Gradient descent (*not stochastic*)

- 1. Put a number on your model's performance. (Loss function)
- 2. Determine which direction decreases the loss function. (Find the <u>Gradient</u>).
- 3. Turn the knob in that direction. (Backpropagation)

(Wash, rinse, repeat for every parameter)

How does SGD work?

Stochastic Gradient Descent:

• Use a small subset of your dataset to estimate the loss for the entire dataset (<u>Minibatch</u>)

The Tradeoffs of Large Scale Learning

Léon Bottou NEC laboratories of America Princeton, NJ 08540, USA leon@bottou.org

Olivier Bousquet

Google Zürich 8002 Zurich, Switzerland olivier.bousquet@m4x.org

 For SGD-based models, the amount of time it takes to fit a model does not depend on the size of the dataset.

Stochastic Gradient Descent

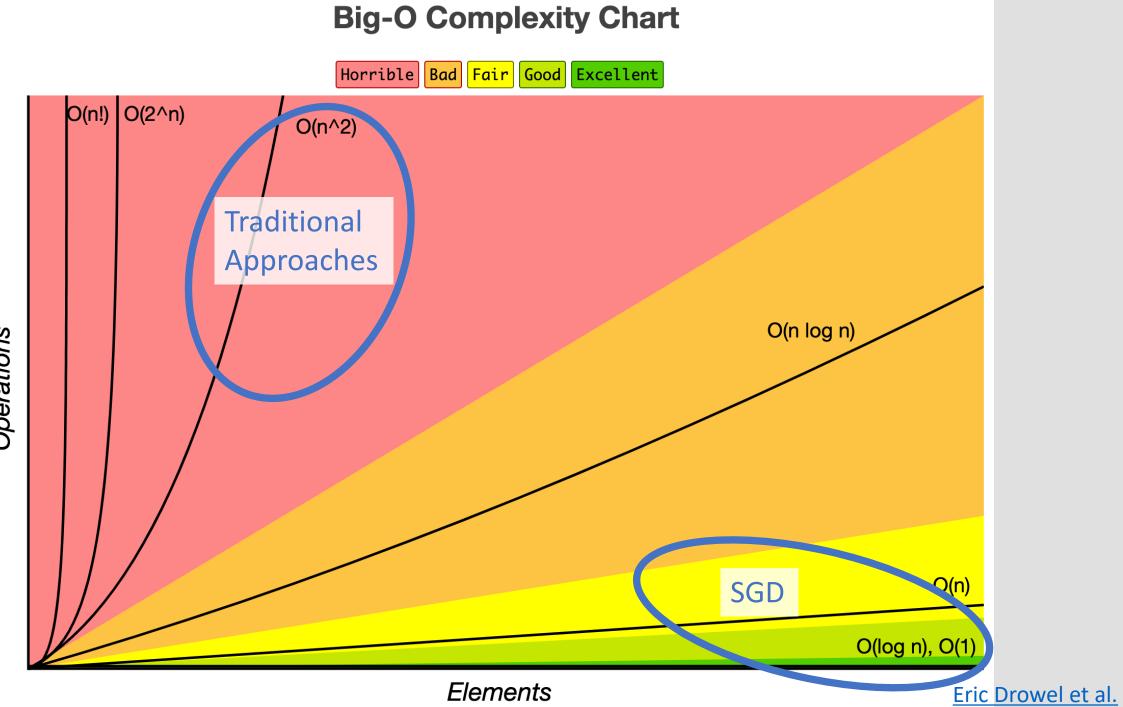


Stochastic Gradient Descent



Stochastic Gradient Descent

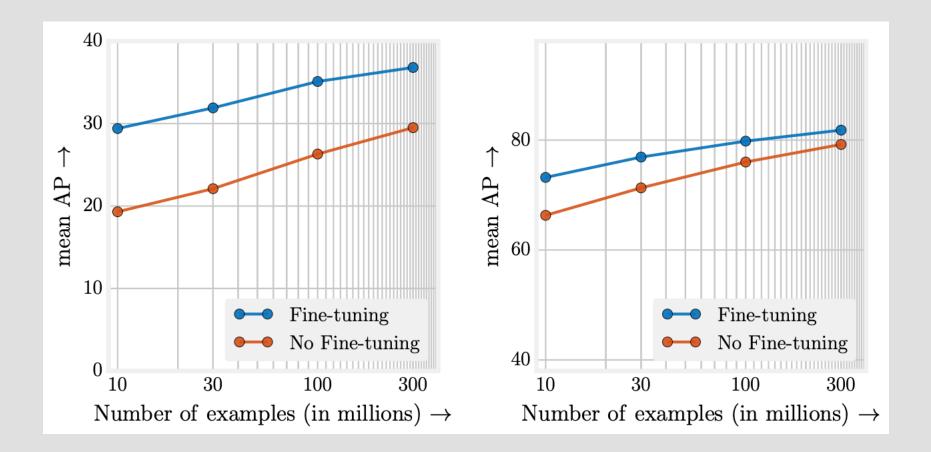


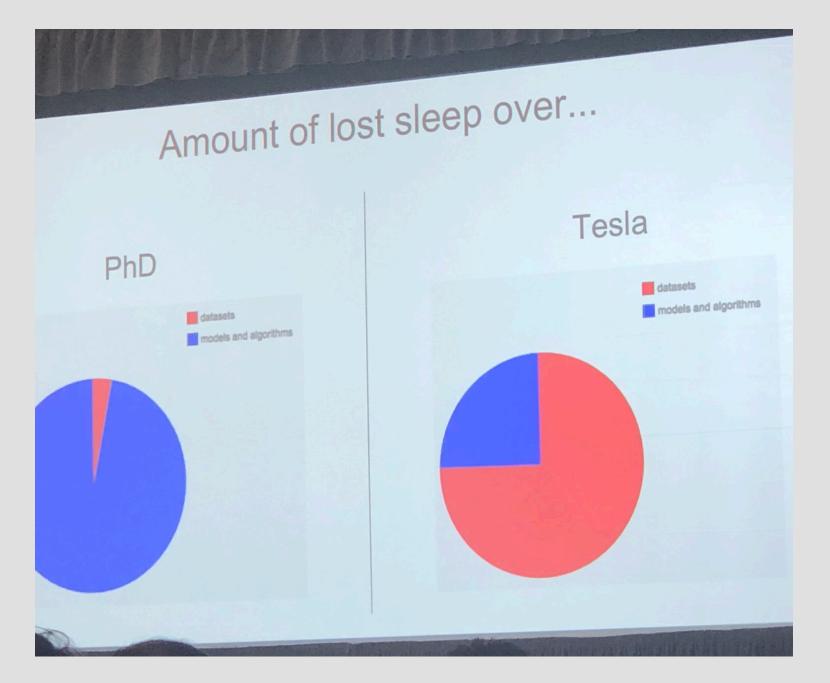


Operations

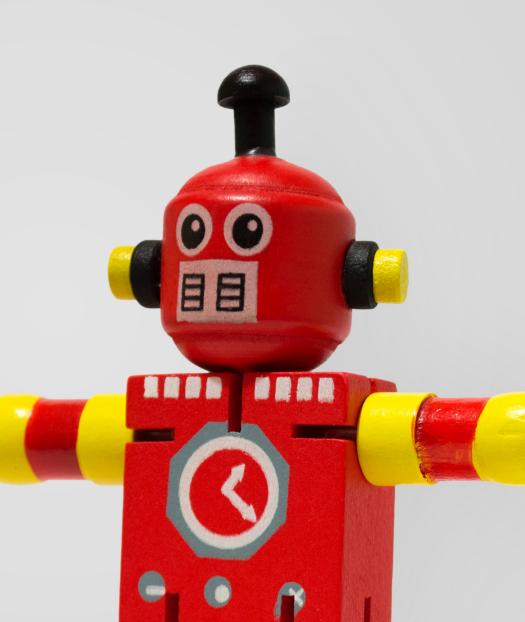
Revisiting Unreasonable Effectiveness of Data in Deep Learning Era

Chen Sun¹, Abhinav Shrivastava^{1,2}, Saurabh Singh¹, and Abhinav Gupta^{1,2}





slide: Andrej Karpathy; photo: Lisha Li



AI models either

- Replace labor humans would do
- Make new forms of labor possible

Both of these are most profitable at scale!

• Cathy O'Neil: "the three elements of a WMD: Opacity, **Scale**, and Damage"

For AI companies bigger means

- Better performing models
- Monopolies on data/content
- Monopsonies on AI developers
- Leverage over regulators

For AI companies bigger means

- Better performing models
- Monopolies on data/content
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BAD!

• Leverage over regulators

For AI companies bigger means

- Better performing models
- Monopolies on data/content
- Monopsonies on AI developers
- Leverage over regulators

These incentives have always been present. But now there's no speed limit!

BAD!

What now?



What now?

There is a fundamental incentive for AI to scale

This <u>will not be</u> fixed by:

- Technical advances
- A more diverse industry
- Quantifying or removing bias in models/datasets

What now?

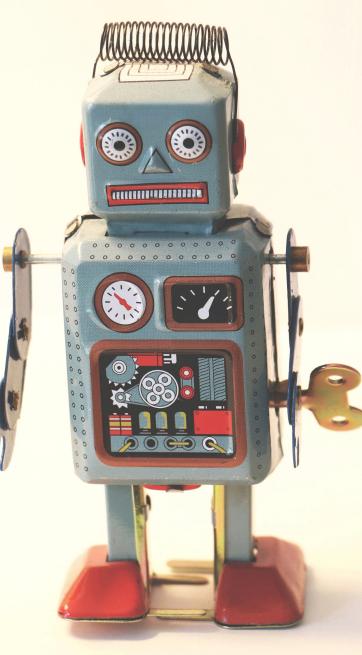
Al as an industry **must** be treated as one with inherent risk.

- Regulation with teeth.
- Professional accountability.
- Default presumption of harm.

Examples

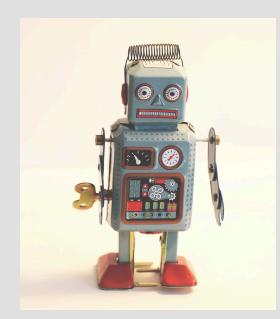
- Medicine
- Weapons

AI Is Broken Sophie Searcy



web: <u>soph.info</u> github: <u>@artificialsoph</u> twitter: <u>@artificialsoph</u>

Image source





Tincho Franco

Rock'n Roll Monkey